

```
In [ ]: ┌ class Life:
          def __init__(self, name='unknown'):
              print('Hello ' + name)
              self.name = name

          def live(self):
              print(self.name)

          def __del__(self):
              print('Goodbye ' + self.name)

ob = Life('Sara')                                     # Hello Sara
ob.live()                                              # Sara
ob = 'Ali'                                             # Goodbye Sara
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class C:
          def __init__(self, a):
              self.a = a

          def f(self, x, y):
              return( self.a + x + y)

ob = C(1)
print(ob.f(2, 3))                                     # 1+2+3 =6
print(C.f(ob, 2, 3))                                 # 6
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ def add(obj, k):
          obj.t += 1
          k += 1

class A:
    def __init__(self):
        self.t = 1

def main():
    ob = A()
    k = 0
    add(ob,k)
    add(ob,k)
    print(ob.t)
    print(k)

main()                                                 #3  0
```

```
In [ ]: ┏ import math
      class Point:
          def __init__(self, x, y):
              self.x = x
              self.y = y

          def dist(self, pt):
              a = pt.x - self.x
              b = pt.y - self.y
              return math.sqrt(a ** 2 + b ** 2)

      p1 = Point(2, 3)
      p2 = Point(3, 3)
      print(p1.dist(p2) ) # 1.0
```

```
In [ ]: ┏ class Person:
      def __init__(self, id):
          self.id = id

      ali = Person(100)
      print (ali.__dict__ ) # {'id':100}
      ali.__dict__['age'] = 35
      print (ali.__dict__ ) # {'id':100 , 'age':35}
      print (len(ali.__dict__ )) # 2
```

```
In [ ]: ┏ class B:
      def __init__(self,a,b,c):
          self.a = a
          self._b = b
          self.__c = c

      def f(self):
          print(self.a)
          print(self._b)
          print(self.__c)

      ob = B(1, 2, 3)
      print(ob.a) # 1
      print(ob._b) # 2
      print(ob.__c) # 3
```

```
In [ ]: ┌─ def formatting(lowercase=False):
          def d(func):
              def w(text=''):
                  if lowercase:
                      func(text.lower())
                  else:
                      func(text.upper())
              return w
          return d

@formatting(lowercase=True)
def f(s):
    print(s)

f("Python")                                     # python
```

```
In [ ]: ┌─ class B:
          def __init__(self, s):
              self.s = s

          @classmethod
          def f(cls, lst):
              x = cls('')
              x.s = '-'.join(str(i) for i in lst)
              return x

          def __str__(self):
              return self.s

a = ['5', '8', '6']
ob = B.f(a)
print(ob)                                         # 5-8-6
```

```
In [ ]: ┌─ class Person:
          TITLES = ('Mr', 'Mrs', 'Ms')

          @classmethod
          def f(cls, a):
              return [t for t in cls.TITLES if t.endswith(a)]

ob = Person()
print(ob.f("s"))                                  # ['Mrs', 'Ms']
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class C:
    def f(self, x):
        print([self, x])

    def s(x):
        print(x+3)

    def h(cls, x):
        print([cls, x])

    s = staticmethod(s)
    h = classmethod(h)

obj = C()
obj.f(5)                                     # [<__main__.C object at ...>, 5]
C.s(4)                                       # 4
C.h(3)                                       # [<class '__main__.C'>, 3]
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class C:
    n = 0
    def __init__(self):
        C.n += 1

    def p():
        print(C.n)

a = C()
b = C()
C.p()                                         # 2
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class C:
    x = 2

ob = C()
k = lambda: ob.x + 3
print(k())                                     # 5

print('----')

class C:
    pass

ob = C()
print(ob.__class__)                           # <class '__main__.C'>
print(isinstance(ob, C))                     # True
print(C.__bases__)                           # (<class 'object'>,)
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class Department:
          def __init__( self ):
              self.lst = []

          def f( self, s ):
              self.lst.append(s)

      class Student:
          def __init__( self, name ):
              self.name = name

      d = Department()
      d.f(Student("Ali"))
      d.f(Student("Farshid"))

      for s in d.lst:
          print( "%s" % (s.name))                                #Ali Farshid
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class C:
          def __init__(self):
              self.a = 5

      class E:
          def __init__(self, x, y=None):
              self.x = x
              self.y = y

      ob = E(2,C())
      print(ob.x)                                              # 2
      print(ob.y.a)                                            # 5
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class C:
          x = 4
          def f(self):
              print("F")

          @property
          def g(self):           # can be called as attribute only
              return("G")

      ob = C()
      ob.f()                                                     # F
      print(ob.x)                                              # 4
      print(ob.g)                                              # G
      #print(ob.g())                                           # Error
```

In []: █ ## An instance can be used as function if the class method
contains __call__ method.

```
class C:  
    def __init__(self, n=0):  
        self.n = n  
  
    def __call__(self, n):  
        self.n = n  
  
ob = C()  
print(ob.n) # 0  
ob(5)  
print(ob.n) # 5
```

In []: █ ## Changing Class Attributes Can Have Side Effects

```
class C:  
    a = 1 # Class attribute  
  
ob1 = C()  
print(ob1.a) # 1  
  
C.a = 2  
print(ob1.a) # 2  
  
ob2 = C()  
print(ob2.a) # 2
```

In []: █ ## Changing Mutable Class Attributes Can Have Side Effects.

```
class C:  
    s = [] # Class attribute  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.p = [] # Instance attribute  
  
x = C()  
y = C()  
print(y.s, y.p) #[] []  
x.s.append('a')  
x.p.append('a')  
print(x.s, x.p) #['a'] ['a']  
print(y.s, y.p) #['a'] []
```

In []: █ def f():

```
    class C:  
        a = 1  
        def m(self):  
            C.a += 2  
            return(C.a)  
        return C()
```

```
print(f().m()) # 3
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class C:
          a = 1
          def m(self):
              print(C.a)

      def f():
          return C()

      f().m()                                     # 1
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ def d(func):
          def f(*args):
              f.c += 1
              print(f.c)
              return func(*args)
          f.c = 0
          return f

      class C:
          @d
          def g(self,a, b):
              return a + b

      ob = C()
      print(ob.g(1, 2))                           # 1  3
      print(ob.g('ali', 'reza'))                  # 2  alireza
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class T:
          def __init__(self, func):
              self.c = 0
              self.func = func

          def __call__(self, *args):
              self.c += 1
              print(self.c)
              return self.func(*args)

      @T
      def g(a, b):
          return(a + b)

      print(g(1, 2))                            # 1  3
      print(g('ali', 'reza'))                  # 2  alireza
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ # Decorator Nesting
      def d1(F):
          return (lambda: 'X' + F())
      
      def d2(F):
          return (lambda: 'Y' + F())
      
      @d1
      @d2
      def func():
          return 's'
      
      print(func())                                     # XYs
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class Squares:
      def __init__(self, start, stop):
          self.start = start
          self.stop = stop
      
      def __iter__(self):
          for v in range(self.start, self.stop + 1):
              yield v ** 2
          
      for i in Squares(1, 3):
          print(i)                                         # 1 4 9
```

```
In [ ]: ┌ class C:
      def f(self):
          print("1")
          return self._a
      
      def g(self, value):
          print("2")
          self._a = value
      
      def h(self):
          print("3")
          del self._a
          
      a = property(f, g, h)
      
      ob = C()
      ob.a = "sara"                                    # 2
      print(ob.a)                                      # 1 sara
      del ob.a                                         # 3
```

```
In [ ]: # Methods Are Objects
class C:
    def f(self, message):
        print(message)

ob = C()
g = ob.f
g('Amin')                                     # Amin

h = C.f
h(ob, 'Amin')                                  # Amin
```

```
In [ ]: class C:
    def f(self, n):
        print(n)

    def g(self):
        x = self.f
        x(5)

C().g()                                         # 5
```

```
In [ ]: ##Classes Are Objects

def f(klass, *pargs, **kargs):
    return klass(*pargs, **kargs)

class C:
    def doit(self, m):
        print(m)

class P:
    def __init__(self, n, j=None):
        self.n = n
        self.j = j

ob = f(C)
ob.doit(1)                                       # 1

y = f(P, 5, "K")
print(y.n, y.j)                                   # 5 K

z = f(P, n=8)
print(z.n, z.j)                                   # 8 None
```

```
In [ ]: ┏ class C:  
      def __init__(self, x=2, y=3):  
          self.x = x  
          self.y = y  
  
      def __str__(self):  
          return "A"  
  
      def __eq__(self, o ):  
          return self.x * self.y == o.x * o.y  
  
  def main():  
      a = C(1, 4)  
      b = C(2, 2)  
      print(a == b) # True  
  
main()
```

```
In [ ]: ┏ class C:  
      data = 'b'  
  
      def __gt__(self, other):  
          return self.data > other  
  
      def __lt__(self, other):  
          return self.data < other  
  
  ob = C()  
  print( ob < 'd') # True  
  print( ob > 'a') # True
```

```
In [ ]: ┏━━━ class Cursor:  
         def __init__(self, doc):  
             self.doc = doc  
             self.p = 0  
  
         def forward(self):  
             self.p += 1  
  
         def back(self):  
             self.p -= 1  
  
         def home(self):  
             while self.doc.lst[self.p-1] != '\n':  
                 self.p -= 1  
                 if self.p == 0:  
                     break  
  
         def end(self):  
             while self.p < len(self.doc.lst) and self.doc.lst[self.p] != '\n':  
                 self.p += 1  
  
class Document:  
    def __init__(self,filename):  
        self.lst = []  
        self.cursor = Cursor(self)  
        self.filename = filename  
  
    def insert(self, character):  
        self.lst.insert(self.cursor.p,character)  
        self.cursor.forward()  
  
    def delete(self):  
        del self.lst[self.cursor.p]  
  
    def save(self):  
        f = open(self.filename, 'w')  
        f.write(''.join(self.lst))  
        f.close()  
  
    @property  
    def string(self):  
        return ''.join(self.lst)  
  
d = Document('a.txt')  
d.insert('G')  
d.insert('o')  
d.insert('l')  
d.insert('z')  
d.insert('a')  
d.insert('r')  
d.insert('i')  
  
print(d.string) # Golzari  
d.cursor.home()
```

```
d.insert("*")
print(d.string)                                # *Golzari

d.save()
```

دانشگاه شهید مدنی آذربایجان
برنامه نویسی پیشرفته با پایتون
امین گلزاری اسکوئی
۱۴۰۰-۱۴۰۱

[Codes and Projects \(click here\)](#) (<https://github.com/Amin-Golzari-Oskouei/Python-Programming-Course-Advanced-2021>) [slides and videos \(click here\)](#) (<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1Dx3v7fD1QBWL-MNP2hd7ilxaRbeALkkA>)

In []: